Leslie's Illustrated Weekly Newspaper Established in 1855



* * * * "their disregard of solemn treaties and the laws of nations, their war upon our defenseless commerce. their treatment of our minister of peace could not fail to excite in me corresponding sentiments with those my countrymen have so generally expressed in their affectionate addresses to you.

"Satisfied, therefore, that you have sincerely wished and endeavored to avert war, and exhausted to the last drop the cup of reconciliation, we can with pure hearts appeal to Heaven for the justice of our cause, and may confidently trust the final result to that kind Providence, who has heretofore and so often signally favored the people of these United States.'

Written by George Washington to President John Adams, July 13th, 1798.



TIMKEN DET R

Prophecy and Fulfillment

Four years ago the advertisement at the right announced fulfillment of a Timken-Detroit axle-building policy. But it didn't stop there -it anticipated a greater fulfillment that has since been realized in the commercial car axle of today.

HERE'S nothing so good that it can't be improved. Building THERE'S nothing so good that it can too improve for the future is the greatest inspiration for turning out good work today.

That principle is responsible for Timken-Detroit Worm-Drive Axles today as it was for their sturdy chain-drive predecessors of 1913.

The 1913 axle was the fulfillment of a Timken-Detroit ideal for which we have been working in co-operation with far-sighted truck builders since the beginning of the industry.

Briefly, that ideal was to build axles strong enough and serviceable even though they cost the truck builder more money to have them stand up to the severe emergency conditions of commercial haulage.

We knew that trucks would be overloaded—that drivers would take the shortest road, no matter how rough—that "empties" would come back at a speed far beyond the builder's intentions.

In 1913 the battle had been won, the necessity of special engineering requirements for commercial car axles was accepted by the industry.

But even then Timken-Detroit engineers were working on something still better, on axles that would, with equal strength, have greater simplicity, fewer parts to get out of order, more efficient, noiseless operation.

Again there were skeptics to be convinced and manufacturing problems to be overcome, but the principle would not be denied, because it meant dollars in the truck owner's pocket.

That battle, too, has been won, and worm-drive has come into its own.

According to a competent authority, $61^{C_{\ell}}$ or more of all motor trucks built in 1917 will be equipped with worm-drive.

But no man can say the limit of perfection has been reached, and some day we may again remind you of Timken-Detroit prophecy



THE TIMKEN-DETROIT AXLE COMPANY Detroit, Mich.





LESLIE'S

ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

The Oldest Illustrated Weekly Newspaper in the United States Established December 15, 1855

EDITED BY JOHN A. SLEICHER

"In God We Trust"

CXXIV

THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1917

No. 3214



IF AN ADDED INJURY HAD BEEN NEEDED-

IF AN ADDED INJUNT HAD DELS ADDED.

the second day of the special session of Congress when patriotism was at fever d expressions of loyalty to the President and country were pouring in from all the country, the news reached America of the sinking of the freighter Astecessaut, off the coast of France, and the loss of 28 seamen. Without warmin boat had approached and its deadly torpedo sent the American ship to the both scarcely time for the men to jump into the small boats. If a final insult and the had been needed to bring the indignation of the United States to a head it was ack upon the Astec and the murder of her sailors.—The Astec was an armed

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EDITORIAL AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY

**EDITURIAL AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY

URSCRIPTION OFFICES: Main office—Brunsck Building, 225 Fifth Avenue, NEW YORK. Euroland the Common House, New York Washington proposed to the Consider of the Common House, New York Washington Proposed to the Consider of the Consid

Address all Correspondence to the Leslie-Judge Co., 225 Fifth Ave., New York, N.Y.



Make you proud of your motor car. distinction and elegance that marks you—the owner—a person of taste. Places you definitely among the conspicuous few who are satisfied with nothing short of the best.

The glove-like fit of Gordon Seat Covers suggests luxurious riding, and their bright cleanliness assures you spotless clothes. Cooler in summer, warmer in winter, pleasing to the eye and moderate in cost —Gordon Seat Covers are easily

The Final Touch of Elegance

in motor car equipment.

Has your motor car Gordon Seat Covers? If not you are missing something that costs little and yet pays daily dividends in pleasure and satisfaction.

You can't afford soiled cushions! But you can and should afford this "final touch of elegance."

Let your dealer show you Gordon Covers. There's a set "tailored to fit" your car—a set to fit every American-made car and every model. The fabrics are ex-

clusively Gordon, woven to endure hard wear and in sun-fast colors. We will be pleased to send you without cost, a booklet printed in actual shades of browns, tans and greys, describing Gordon Covers in 20 distinctive fabrics and giving the price of seat covers for **your** motor car in any of these fabrics. Write for this!



Gordon Easy On Tire Covers Cost Little-Save Much

And that's a good reason for having them. Every one knows that the sun's rays cause a serious loss in the life and efficiency of tires. 'ust as over-baking ruins a batch of biscuits, so long-continued sun heat keeps up the vulcanizing process in tires till the rubber has lost elasticity and wear-resisting ability. Gordon Easy On Tire Covers prevent this and so "save much." See them at your dealers.

The J. P. Gordon Company

426 N. Fourth Street

Columbus, Ohio

+

"GOOD-BYE, DOGGIE"



Drawn for Leslie's by Charles Sark

eekl

THE FLAG STAND BY





will stimulate the active operations against the enemy, let us immediately dispatch such troops as are prepared to go and devote ourselves to organizing others by the hundreds of thousands that, in the end, the foe will be overwhelmed. If new ships must be built to carry the commerce of the world, let America build those ships. If the emergency demands a fuller co-operation between the country's industrial interests and the government, let that co-operation become effective that greater efficiency may result. But first if war must come to us, let the government make certain that it has the right men in the right places. Let no partisanship influence the nation's head against the selection of advisors who understand that only by the full and unrestrained prosecution of the war will America emerge at the end mor-ally, economically and physically the strongest na-tion of the world, which, when all is said and done, is the vital consideration.

NECESSARY COMBINATIONS

F the export trade of the United States is to be built up, it will never be done by small manufacturers. Even big manufacturers cannot meet singlehanded the keen, organized competition in foreign markets. It is uneconomic to compel each manufacturer to maintain his own private agents in every foreign country, when one such force might be organized to look after the sales of a number of manufacturers. Exporters fear, however, to make such combinations on account of the Sherman Act, which applies the same language to foreign trade

that it does to interstate commerce.

When the Federal Trade Commission attended a meeting of the Michigan Manufacturers' Association, Mr. H. H. Smith, the association's counsel, in addressing the commission, pointed out that there was no service it could render the business world of greater value than to give the assurance that "combinations for the extension of foreign trade will be encouraged and favored so long as they do not directly restrain a domestic competitor." As an example of the present handicap, Mr. Smith cites a furniture plant in Grand Rapids which can see no profit in an attempt to distribute its product in New Zealand. The expense and risk would be too great. If, however, all the furniture factories of Grand Rapids could combine to create a joint agency, it would be a profitable venture. But here they are

PRESIDENT WILSON

YE have no selfish ends to serve. We desire no conquest, no dominion. We seek no indemnities for ourselves, no material compensation for the sacrifices we shall freely make. We are but one of the champions of the rights of mankind. We shall be satisfied when those rights have been made as secure as the faith and the freedom of the nation can make them.

confronted with the possibility that such a com-bination would be considered in violation of the

In the government suit against the United States Steel Corporation, the Corporation admitted that it did combine with the purpose of securing foreign trade. The Court, in approving the legality of this method, said: "To hold otherwise would be, practically and commercially, to enjoin the steel trade of the United States from using the business methods which are necessary in order to build up and maintain a de-pendable business abroad, and if the Sherman Law were so construed, it would itself be a restraint of trade and unduly prejudice the public by restraining foreign trade." The inference from this decision is that any combination to secure foreign trade would be legal which did not use unfair means to drive a United States competitor out of the foreign market, but our manufacturers ought not to be left in the

slightest doubt upon this point. Our bungling methods, the obstacles our laws put in the way of the development of our trade, are in marked contrast with the clear-cut program by which other countries have built up their foreign trade during the last twenty-five years. To avoid wasteful competition, price agreements were made legal in Germany, and when it became necessary to sell cheaper abroad than at home in order to meet foreign competition, public opinion applauded this course as a patriotic measure. If the United States is to capture its share of world trade, our exporters must be backed up in a similar way.

THE RIGHT TO WORK

THE right of freedom of contract which belongs to every man carries with it the on the part of the State, to protect its citizens, whether employers or employes, in the exercise of this right. Justice Guy of the New York Supreme Court so decided in a suit to restrain a local of the Amalgamated Garment Cutters' Association from taking action interfering with the contracts of twelve union cutters. The law recognizes the right of labor to organize unions for the protection and welfare of their members, but no union has the right by persuasion, threats or intimidation cause its members to violate their contracts with employers

The right to work and protection in following that The right to work and protection in following that right was affirmed in the New York Court of Special Sessions when Justices McInerney, Freschi and Salmon sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse two ex-employes of the Fifth Avenue Bus Company who had assaulted a worker who refused to join a strike. "You men certainly had the right to strike," said the Court, "but it is no less certain that you had no right to interfere with any other person who wished to remain at work." On precisely the same grounds, Magistrate Cornell of New York, sentenced grounds, Magistrate Cornell of New York sentenced to the workhouse two young women who had been on strik of or seven weeks, and who had been arrested for refusing to take off sashes inscribed "Don't be a scab," as they walked up and down in front of their old place of employment. A few such decisions and contents will establish event one. will establish every one's sions and sentences freedom of right to work.

THE MELTING POT

STILL more trouble is feared in Mexico. A Los Angeles policeman confessed that he had stolen \$39,000 from an express

An Alaskan woman visiting New York said that more furs are worn by women on Fifth Avenue in the summer than are worn all winter in

For promising two offices to his friends, a recently elected mayor of Arkansas City was removed from office and the place given to his competitor.

An eminent New York law-

yer says that murderers are safer in the United States than in any other country and that we have had unpunished

3.337 lynchings in 21 years. Chicago millionaires have organized an employment agency to find permanent employment for men between the ages of 45 and 65 who find

A cotton mill operative in Augusta, Maine, boasts that

Paulista, Manie, boasts that he lives on 80c a week and that out of his pay of \$10 he puts \$9.20 in the bank every Saturday.

A colored man and his wife, former slaves, 90 years old, of Columbus, Ohio, recently gave \$500 to the Y. M. C. A. building fond. building fund

Winnipeg, Manitoba, proposes to tax tag day, bazaars

and other nondescript and devious ways of collecting money for charitable purposes.

The Secretary of the Mansfield Tire and Rubber Company, after a tour of Japanese factories, reports labor in Japan is paid an average of only to per cent. of American iges and 75 per cent. of the workers are women. The people rule!

THE PLAIN TRUTH!

CHURCH! All churches make announcements; few CHURCH! All churches make announcements; few churches or ministers know how to advertise. A past master in the art of religious advertising is the Rev. Christian F. Reisner, D.D. pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church of New York City, and in his book on "Church Publicity" he shows the modern way to compel people to come to church. Dr. Reisner believes in making church services interesting. To do this a wide variety of outside talent will be needed, especially for the Sunday evening service. The next step is to build up an attendance by advertising as bright and catchy as that of the commerby advertising as bright and catchy as that of the commer-cial world. The author has made an unqualified success of such publicity in the churches of which he has been pastor, and in his book has gathered a wealth of material from up-to-date churches and progressive ministers in cities and villages all over the country

DEPEW! One of the most remarkable of men is ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew, remarkable for the fer-tility of his mind, the amazing variety of subjects covered in his orations and addresses of sixty years, and the spirit of youth that characterizes him after all these years of strenuous public life. His published speeches constitute a comprehensive analysis of every important topic of interest for more than half a century. Easily chief among after-dinner speakers, the range of orations includes college and anniversary addresses, political and anniversary speeches and his Senate orations and debates in which many think his oratory reached its supreme height. Every speech of Mr. Depew, even the pleasant after-dinner utterance, is replete with intimate knowledge of the social, economic and Mr. Depew, even the pleasant after-dimer utterance, is replete with intimate knowledge of the social, economic and political movements of the times. It is an education in itself for any young man to sit at the feet of one who is able to talk about the great political movements of the past sixty years from the standpoint, not of an onlooker but an active participant. It should be of interest to the public, especially to those taking part in debates upon the questions of the hour, that this wonderful store of information is about to be made available in a popular edition, at a popular price, to place this wonderful library of information and rare eloquence within the reach of all. rare eloquence within the reach of all.



CHANDLER SIX \$1395



Chandler Records Are Owners' Records

Not to our knowledge has a professional motor car driver ever made a record with a Chandler Six.

But all the thousands of owners of Chandler Sixes, every day, are making the kind of records that count. Records of Satisfactory Service.

The Chandler Company has never built a racing car. Chandler owners do not want racing cars.

The 55 to 60 miles per hour speed that every Chandler car will do is speed much greater than you would ever ask for.

The Chandler Company has never built a special

mountain-climbing car with short wheel base and low gear ratio.

The ease with which every Chandler climbs steep grades on high gear is satisfying to the Chandler owner.

The Chandler Company has never supplied any Chandler dealer anywhere with a special gear ratio for demonstrating

What any Chandler Six does your Chandler Six will do.

The manufacturer of one six can make just as big claims as the manufacturer of any other six. But

The Chandler is a *Fact*-Car, Not a *Claim*-Car. And These Are Facts, Not Claims,

There is no other six more flexible in control, more responsive to your There is no other ski mode nexible in control, more responsive to your every demand, than the Chandler.

There is no other which will pull hard grades on high with greater ease.

There is no other so economical in operation.

There is no other which embodies in its design and construction so

many features characteristic of high-grade, high-priced motor cars.

There is no other of more beautiful body lines or greater riding comfort. Through four years of conscientious manufacturing effort backed up by a previous experience of many years in the building of high-priced sixes, the exclusive Chandler Motor has been developed and refined to a point approximating perfection. It is a fact-motor, not a claim-motor. See it perform. Drive it. Learn how it stands up.

FIVE ATTRACTIVE CHANDLER TYPES OF BODY

Seven-Passenger Touring Car, \$1305 Four-Passenger Roadster, \$1305 Four-Passenger Concertible Coupe, \$1995 All Prices F. O. B. Cleveland

Seven-Passenger Convertible Sedan, \$2005 Limousine, \$2695

Choose The Fact Car For Your Car

See Your Chandler Dealer or write to as today for Catalog and Booklet entitled "See How The Chandler Checks With High Priced Cars" Address Dept. E.

CHANDLER MOTOR CAR COMPANY

New York Office: 1790 Broadway

CLEVELAND, OHIO

Cable Address: "Chanmotor"

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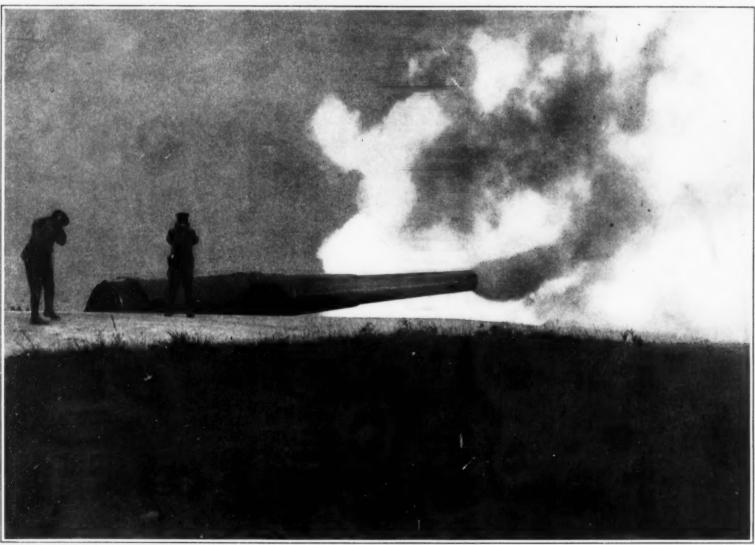
TOP SPEED AHEAD: UNITED STATES BATTLESHIPS READY FOR AN ENGAGEMENT

The science of naval tactics is built on the endeavor to utilize to the maximum the strong points of a fleet and to conceal its weak points. Thus, if a squadron of ships is composed partly of heavily armored ships and partly of ships less well protected, the strategic arrangement of the vessels in battle would put the protected fighters where their guns could do the enemy the greatest harm and at the same time afford the best shelter to the weaker vessels. To accomplish the numerous arrangements of ships for which emergencies may give need, many and difficult

maneurors must be perfected. In this photograph the battleship Utah is coming at full speed to the support of a sister ship withstanding an imaginary attack. The Delaware and the South Carolina follow the Utah. Such ships as are shown above form the backbone of the navy. Under the able direction of the American Navy officers, naval maneuvers and target practice have raised the Navy's efficiency to a point where the control of our giant battleships and their big guns is at least equal with that of the navy of any other country.



DEDWN & DANSON



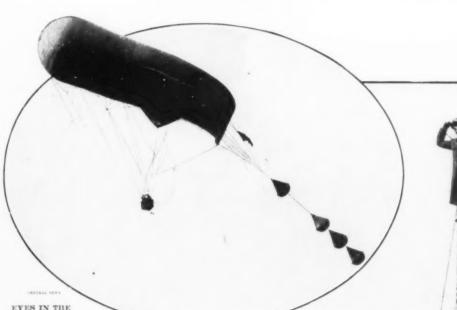
GETTING THE RANGE AND FIRING THE GUNS

EROWN & PARTIES

The upper picture shows a range finding station at a coast fortification. To the layment it is a combination engineer's office, telephone exchange, and telegraph office where soldiers work out the distance from the muzzle of their cannon to the enemy. The range finder itself may be called an instrument that "automatically solves the triangle," for nearly all range finders are based on the geometrical fact that if two angles and the length of one side of a triangle

are known it is possible to work out the length of the other two sides. In coast defense work three range finding stations usually cooperate in working out the distance to the enemy. In addition to calculations based on the findings of the instrument other conditions, such as variations in the muzzle velocity of the projectile, are taken into consideration before the sights are finally set to produce the effect shown in the lower picture.

UNCLE SAM NEEDS MORE OF THESE



SKIES

SKIES

It must be admitted that in aero nautical defenses the United States Army and Navy are far behind the other important nations of the world. The Navy has in commission only one dirigible balloon, similar to the Zeppelins which the German navy uses, but captive balloons, such as the one shown here, are being constructed and a comparatively small number are already in service. Captive balloons are useful for observation in war.

BETTER THAN A PERISCOPE This type of armored car has recently been perfected and is now under
observation in Government tests.
The car, which is protected by tough
armor, is provided with a collapsible
observation tower which can be
quickly raised or lowered. It is
valuable because of its speed, armor,
military equipment and its ability
to be of immediate service.



IF HE WERE AN ENEMY AIRMAN --

Uncle Sam needs not only more and better airplanes and balloons; he needs, as well, better protection against the aircraft of possible enemies. The anti-aircraft guns in the Navy, so far, are mounted on only two of our battle-ships, and land defenses are not above improvement.



A JUGGERNAUT OF THE NATIONAL GUARD

Machine-guns are now of supreme importance in land engagements and a mobile battery of these weapons presents a formidable front. The armored motor car, with its mechanism and its occupants protected by armor plate, is in reality a movable fort. Only shell-fire can injure it.

This car is one of the armored motor batteries of the National Guard of New York.



OUR NEAREST APPROACH TO THE TANK

This clumay-looking machine, wobbling over the edge of a bad road, is a made-in-America "tank." The "tank" of the British forces is a recent invention, found invaluable in battle and practically impregnable. The "tank" shown here was photographed while being tested by United States Army officers. Their verdict as to its maneuvers has not been made public.

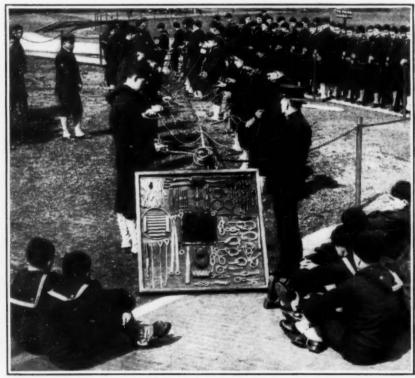
OUR NEWEST SAILORS



GUN DRILL FOR NEW JACKIES ON BOARD THE BATTLESHIP "GEORGIA"

The order, issued on March 25th by President Wilson and Secretary of the Navy Daniels, increasing the enlisted strength of the Navy to 87,000 men met a prompt response from the young men of the country. Recruiting stations from coast to coast were obliged to detail extra men to take care of the increased number of applicants who sought to offer their help to

the nation in what is perhaps its most popular branch of service. Within a few days 276 men were sworn in at the navy yard at Charleston, Boston. The battleship Georgia is one of those lying in the harbor there, ready to sail at a moment's notice. While awaiting orders the men are being put through gun drills and similar courses of training.



THIS PICTURE MIGHT BE CALLED "LEARNING THE ROPES"

On board ship the diversity of uses to which ropes are put has developed the arts of knotting and splicing to the highest degree. In this picture two lines of new blue-jackets, are learning to tie knots. In the foreground is the instruction board, a necessary and useful device for educating sailors to the intricacies of navy life. On one side of the board are mounted all the flags used on a battleship; on the other side some of the necessary knots are mounted.



PROPOS COPYRIGHT INTERNATIONAL PLAN

SAILORS, AS WELL AS SOLDIERS, MUST HANDLE THE RIFLE Landing parties need guns and a thorough knowledge of them, and emergencies which may arise provide ample reason for mastering the manual of arms. These men, learning to handle a gun, are among the thousands who recently enlisted. The increase of the enlistment of the navy to war strength provides opportunity for 25,000 new men to serve their flag.

OUR FIGHTING MEN

It is doubtful if any European nation could produce a finer or more fit body of men than the troops shown in this picture. The infantryman must make his long march carrying pack, rifle, ammunition and rations, aggregating

forty-five pounds. He must be able to construct or repair bridges and roads, construct shelters, dig intreoch-ments and use an intricate signaling code. He must understand sanitation, hygiene and first aid



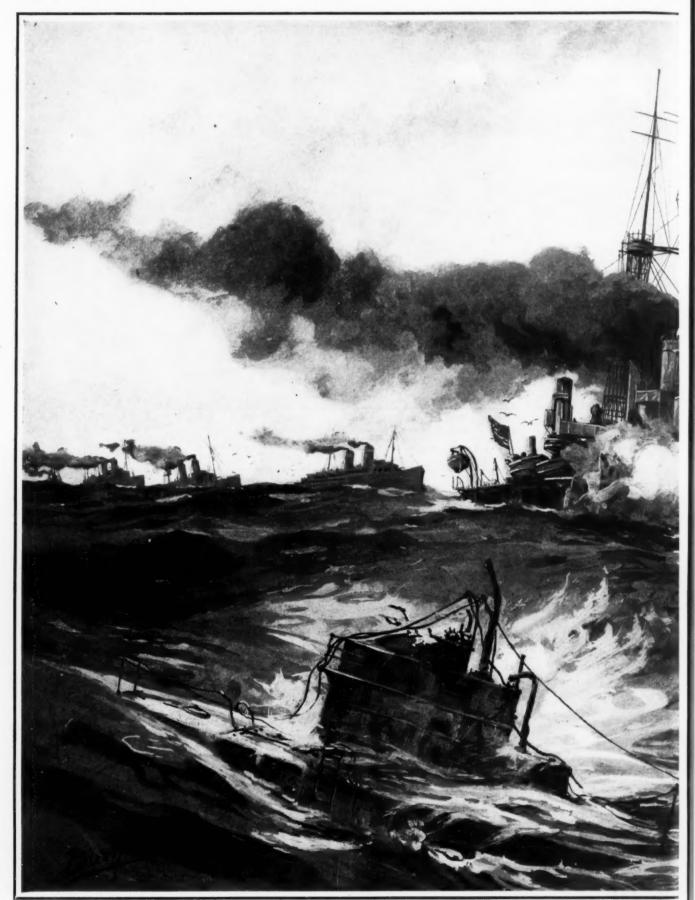
TWO OF THE NEWEST Recruiting in the army has increased rapidly since the country's need of trained men became imperative. To make the soldier efficient the recruit must be a physically sound man. Able-bodied men, such as these, make capable soldiers.



THE GUN THAT HOLDS THE TRENCHES

Machine guns have become such a factor in war that military strategy recognizes any position in which they are intrenched as impregnable until artillery fire has put them out of action. There are many different types, and recently the

AMERICAN CONVOY MEETS



UNDER PROPER GUARD, MERCHANT FLEETS CROSSING THE

Notwithstanding the depredations of the submarine, merchant-men, under the protection of battleships, cruisers and destroyers run little danger of disaster on the high seas. The ruthless warfare waged by Germany's submersibles has met with only fair success, except in attacks on unarmed or slow sailing ships, or ships at sea under the protec-

tion of international law and the usual practices of civilized nations and unprepared for the vicious tactics pursued. The percentage of vessels sunk during the two months in which Germany has shown "no quarter" is slight in proportion to the total amount of tonnage engaged in ocean trade; at the outside the total since August, 1914, does not

THE SUBMARINE MENACE



ATLANTIC HAVE LITTLE TO FEAR FROM UNDERSEA CRAFT

exceed fifteen percent of the total tonnage. While work in our ship-building yards has been pushed untiringly for the past two years, our output in 1916 did not equal that of 1908 by many thousands of tons. Active participation in the war will unquestionably result in great stimulation in ship-building owing to the demands of our navy. While

DRAWN FOR LESSIFE'S BY M. J. BURN

government contracts will take precedence over the merchant tonnage, the increase in facilities will unquestionably result in making 1917 a record year for ship-building in America. Now that the Government has decided to uphold the flag on the sea, American vessels unquestionably will resume their sailing schedules under protection of warships.

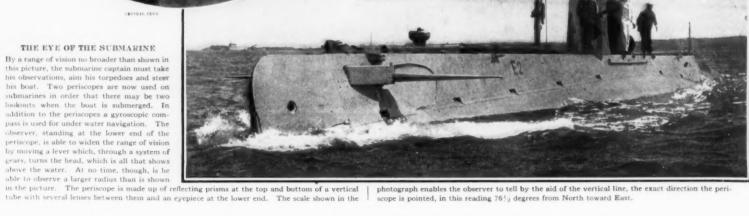
AMERICA'S SUBMARINES



OUR NEWEST UNDERSEA BOAT

During the great war marked progress has been made in aerial and sub-sea warfare. Here is Uncle Sam's newest submarine, the N-5, which was launched recently at Bridgeport, Conn. Details connected with its launching are kept secret by the government. The N-5 belongs to a class of 7 boats which, while not among the largest of the fleet, have many improvements over earlier submarines. It has a surface displacement of 348 tons, a surface speed of 13 knots, and a submerged speed of 11 knots. Like most of our undersea boats it has four torpedo tubes. The cruising radius is 4000 miles. In the smaller boats built several years ago life was exceedingly unpleasant, due to lack of room. Meals could not be cooked, sleeping quarters were nil, air became foul and safety appliances were unknown. In the newer and larger boats much more comfort is possible owing to increase in space. In the lower picture a submarine is shown going at full surface speed. Fast as it appears to be going, naval men recognize that the greatest defect in most undersea boats now in commission is a lack of speed when considered relative to other ships. For this reason work on new boats is being rushed. So far the world has had no complete details of a struggle between two of the larger undersea boats, though it is known that submarine duels have taken place. As the new boats with their heavier armament are placed in commission by the navies of the world, interest in the character and outcome of such a battle grows keener. The new "dreadnought" submarines fighting ships when running on the surface, since they United States has now one of the largest submarines. The English, French and German navies have several vice. Sailors on submarine duty receive five dollars per day additional when

THE EYE OF THE SUBMARINE



photograph enables the observer to tell by the aid of the vertical line, the exact direction the periscope is pointed, in this reading $76\frac{1}{2}$ degrees from North toward East.

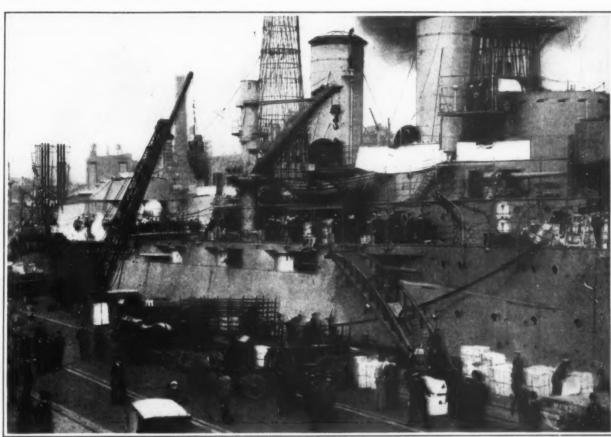
PREPARING THE FLEET

THE BUSY BUREAU OF SUPPLIES

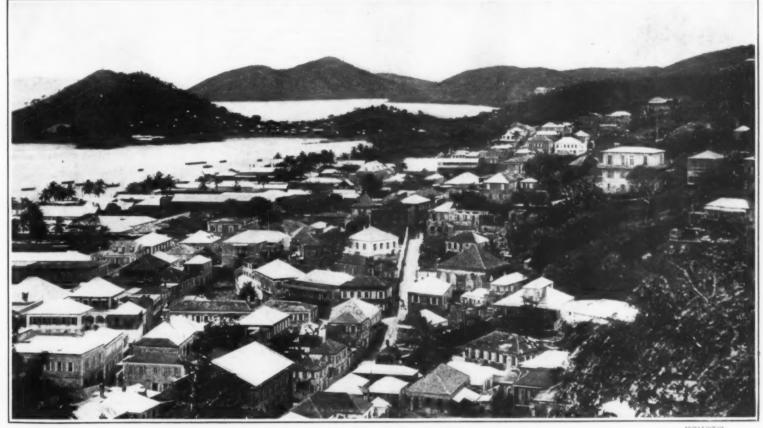
THE BUST BUREAU OF SUPPIJES

Nearly everyone is familiar with the work of the Quartermaster's Department for the army, but the Paymaster General of the Navy and his men are equally busy these days. Here is a battleship at a navy yard taking on provisions and water. The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts has developed scientific management to a very high degree in the conduct of its affairs. Efficiency and the safeguarding of the interests of the navy are the keynote of all transactions. In this bureau the competitive system of bidding for contracts has reached its highest development. The specifications which describe in exact detail all kinds of commercial supplies used, demand high quality goods and such articles as are accepted must conform to the standards. Whenever a great national emergency arises, confusion and an increased cost in supplies follow, but the bureau has comprehensive plans in operation which promise to meet adequately any upheaval this country may face. Through this department the navy purchases stores and issues all its supplies, and procures its coal and fuel. All disbursements and the pay of officers and sailors also pass through the paymaster general's hands.

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UNCLE SAM NEARS EQUATOR



OUR NEW INSULAR POSSESSIONS

The United States on March 31 took over the Danish West Indies, consisting of the three islands, Saint Croix, Saint Thomas and Saint John. The view shown above is of the harbor and city of Charlotte Amalie, the chief seaport and town situated on the island of St. Thomas. These islands of Charlotte Amalie is famous for its beauty. It is dotted with many beautiful little islands.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT



AN AMERICAN FLYING UNDER THE TRICOLOR

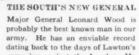
Frederick W. Zinn is one of the many Americans in the French aviation service. He is also a valued contributor to Leslie's, having sent many excellent photographs with authoritative captions of the great authoritative captions of the great war. He sailed on March 26th for Bordeaux, after spending a four weeks' permission with his family in Battle Creek, Michigan. Mr. Zinn has an engineer's degree from the University of Michigan. He enlisted in the French Foreign Legion in August, 1914, and has served continuously in the French army. He was seriously wounded in the battle at Champagne.



THE FIRST WOMAN IN THE NAVY

Navy recruiting stations had a busy day following the order of Secretary of the Navy Daniels admitting women to the navy with the title of yeoman. The first to seize the new opportunity was Miss Loretta Walsh, a 20-year-old Philadelphia girl. With the new title of chief yeoman she is busy in a local recruiting station; her odd moments are occupied with the duties of the secretary of the Women's Section of the Philadelphia Navy League. Miss Walsh is the first, but not the only woman who has enlisted. In one day 60 applied at recruiting stations in New York, but many withdrew when they learned they were not to see service. THE FIRST WOMAN IN THE NAVY





campaign against the Apaches. He added to that record in 1898 when added to that record in 1898 when he and Theodore Roosevelt organized the famous Rough Riders. Ceneral Wood has held about every first class job our army affords; recently the War Department has transferred him from command of the East, with headquarters at Governor's Island, New York Harbor, to the command of the Southeast with headquarters at Charleston. Since General Wood is one of America's foremost advocates of preparedness and the South since Colonial days has been famous Colonial days has been famous throughout the world for its fighting throughout the world for its nghting men we are inclined to feel that the combination will accomplish some exceedingly important results. Gen-eral Wood, like Sergeant Winans, whose picture appears on this page, wears the Medal of Honor.



RODIZANKO, HEAD OF

THE DUMA

Rodizanko, President of the Russian Duma, was one of the chief figures in the revolution. He is a big landowner from the Steppe country of Southern Russia and a huge man with a deep bass voice—in short, a Russian of Russians. He is shown here with the Vice President standing in the courtyard adjoining the building in which the Duma meets. While friends of liberty applaud and rejoice at the revolution, they fear stormy days ahead for

rejoice at the revolution, they fear stormy days ahead for Russia, believing that no country made up of such diverse interests and mixed races can entirely reverse itself without internal trouble. Nevertheless each day's news brings fresh encouragement, for the impredicts and offer the impredict and impredict and

for the immediate and effi-

the immediate and em-cient organization which the revolutionists have proved they possess is running with the smoothness of a well-oiled motor. Russian statesmen have shown that they are able

to act constructively even under the most adverse circumstances.

READY TO SAIL THE SEVEN SEAS FOR UNCLE SAM

FOR UNCLE SAM

The women have not lost any time in mobilizing for their country's aid. When the New York Woman Suffrage party opened an enrolling station for those women who wished to offer their services, Mrs. Emily Vandecook Browne, a woman navigator, volunteered to pilot a ship anywhere that Uncle Sam might care to have it sent. Mrs. Browne is the wife of Commodore Browne who discovered the group of islands in the Pacific Ocean which have ever since borne his name.



WINS THE MEDAL OF HONOR FOR GALLANTRY IN ACTION

The latest recipient of the Medal of Honor is Sergeant-Major Roswell Winans of the Marine Corps, who in battle with rebels at Santo Domingo oattie with rebeis at Santo Domingo continued to operate his machine gun, although fully exposed to the fire of the enemy, only 150 yards away, thereby saving the lives of many of his comrades. When the gun jammed and was temporarily out of commission, Sergeant Winans treed, up and cooling reported the stood up and coolly repaired the machine while bullets whistled past him. With the gun repaired, he re-sumed firing and succeeded in rout-ing the attacking party.



ARMY FLIERS STUDY AVIATION ABROAD

ABROAD

Captain Davenport Johnson is one of three United States army captains who sailed, on March 20th, to take postgraduate courses in military aeronautics in France. At the famous school at Buc these aviators will be perfected in all the arts and tricks of flying and fighting in the skies. They will return to America to pass on to army aviators in various schools the art of piloting the fast planes used in pursuing enemy fliers and in reconnaissance. With Captain Johnson go Captains Millard F. Harmon and Joseph E. Carberry who, in 1914, won the Mackay trophy.

ekly

MEN WHO ARE MAKING AMERICA

CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, III, CHOSE TO BUILD HIS OWN MONUMENT, THOUGH BORN TO VAST WEALTH-AN INVENTOR, SOLDIER AND FINANCIER

EDITOR'S NOTE.—Young Americans born to wealth and power have often been charged with lack of responsibility toward their inheritance and their country's welfare. Such a large percentage of "second and third generation men" have failed to make good in the matter of maintaining the standards of accomplishment set by their fathers that most of us have come to applicate the young man who keeps the old wheels turning even if he doesn't build a new wheel. With this condition in mind we feel that readers of Mr. Forbes's article will agree with him that Cornelius Vanderbill III, who built and turned his goon wheel even though his family conned miland turned his own wheel even though his family owned mil-lions of dollars of railroad stocks, is an American "ancestor."

ORNELIUS Vanderbilt III, despite the fortunes of birth is able to say, "I too, am an ancestor," for, given the opportunity to inherit the supreme control of the Vanderbilt empire or to carve his own path through life, he chose the latter course and at forty had built his own monument.

Early in life he manifested self-reliance, courage and independence of wealth. He proved his manliness by marrying the woman of his choice, even at the cost of his the heat and the hurry of railroad machine shops, and used both his head and his hands to such purpose that he used both his head and his hands to such purpose that he evolved inventions so valuable that they were adopted by leading railroads. He became, too, a volunteer soldier, ready on every occasion to discharge his full duties. He is a sailor, also, and has sailed his own craft across the Atlantic, into every nook and corner of the Mediterranean and along the coast of Europe. In business his technical knowledge, combined with his

industry and his financial ability, enabled him early to make his mark. To Cornelius Vanderbilt, New York, in considerable measure, owes its subways, for he undertook an exhaustive investigation of under-the-earth transportation in London, Paris and elsewhere and then joined forces with August Belmont in organizing the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, of which he is still an influential

director Yet this inventor, engineer, soldier, sailor, financier, patriot and millionaire member of a millionaire family is the most unobtrusive, self-effacing figure of the younger generation of "doers."

"I always had my own workshop as a boy as early as I

can remember." was his modest statement when I pressed him to explain how he came to be an inventor. "I must have been born with a liking for mechanics, as I constantly played and later worked with tools and machinery. After my graduation from Yale it was logical for me to take up a post-graduate course in engineering. In the course of my studies I spent a good deal of time in the motive power and engineering department of the New York Central, trying "Yes, but thousands of other young men have studied

engineering and worked in machine shops without inventengineering and worked in machine shops without invering anything. What diverted your mind into this channel, what led you to think up new devices and to
become an inventor?" I persisted. Mr. Vanderbilt
manifestly was discomfited by my cross-questioning. An assault was being made upon his modesty and his reserve.

"I had not then taken on business re-

sponsibilities or interests. My mind was occupied with engineering problems and my study of them led me, as it would lead any one else, to investigate whether improved methods or appliances could not be devised."

"What was the first patent you took out?" I asked.

"The first thing I patented was a new kind of tender, a cylindrical tender which saved weight and expense."
Mr. Vanderbilt might have added, but
he didn't, that the Vanderbilt road, the New York Central, did not show him partiality by adopting his money-saving invention; the Union Pacific and Southern

Pacific were the first important railroads to adopt the Vanderbilt tender as standard.
What heights Cornelius Vanderbilt might have reached as an inventor had not a turn of the wheel of fortune changed the course of his life may only be guessed. At this stage he was drawn into the financial and business arena by reason of having acquired investments totaling williams in regions at the stage had been accounted to the financial and business arena by reason of having acquired investments totaling millions in various enterprises which demanded his per

Mr. Vanderbilt entered college in 1891 when 17 years old and was graduated from Yale in 1895 but enrolled in the

BY B. C. FORBES COPYRIGHT, 1917, BY B. C. FORBES



SIXTEEN YEARS A SOLDIER nel Vanderbilt has served his country as a volunteer in grades. Just at present he is Colonel of the Twenty-second Regiment, N. Y. State Engineers

Sheffield Scientific School as a student of mechanical engineering. Most of his spare time was spent in the New York Central office, where he worked as intently as any apprentice. The prospect of inheriting enormous wealth

did not turn his head.

Then romance entered the young inventor's life. became engaged to Miss Grace Wilson, a young woman of the highest character. His father, Cornelius Vanderbilt, objected, however, to the choice of his eldest son. The young man re-

vealed all the grit, determination and

resolution of his noted namesake, the founder of the Vanderbilt fortune. Instead of giving up his fiancee he elected rather to give up his inheritance. His father, as the phrase went at the time, "cut him off with a million," leaving the rest of his enormous fortune to the other children, the largest share going to Alfred, the younger brother of Cornelius. Cornelius went on his way studying and working and inventing. He won his Ph. B. in 1898 and was graduated with the M. E. degree in the following

year. By that time his genius was widely recognized.
A re-alignment of the family fortune was brought about, and Cornelius's holdings now demanded so much of his time and attention that his career as an inventor was sacrificed, although, as a matter of fact, even to this day Mr. Vanderbilt's office suggests the engineer and inventor more than the financier. In his very unpretentious offices in the financial district are all sorts of charts and plans and blue prints and novel mechanical paraphernalia. He became in time a director of the Illinois Central R. R., the Delaware & Hudson, the Missouri Pacific, the American Company, Laglavanna Steel Co. Noticell. the Delaware & Hudson, the Missouri Pacific, the American Express Company, Lackawanna Steel Co., National Park Bank, Harriman National Bank, U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co., Provident Loan Society, Interborough Rapid Transit Co., and a trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., "Yes, I am a thorough believer in insurance and the thrift that it stimulates," Mr. Vanderbilt told me.

It is well known throughout the financial district that

Cornelius Vanderbilt is not an ornamental director. Fe will not lend his name to any board unless he means to give its affairs serious and sustained personal attention. One financier associated with him in various enterprises remarked to me: "Colonel Vanderbilt is a director who directs. He is no dummy, no figurehead. He insists upon receiving full reports and analyzes them closely. When any special committee is to be elected to do real hard work, Colonel Vanderbilt is invariably named on it. He is a

But it is as a volunteer soldier that Cornelius Vanderbilt is best known by the public. No other civilian, of either high or low degree, has worked more conscientiously or more zealously than Colonel Vanderbilt to arouse interest more zearously than Colonel Vanderbilt to arouse interest in strengthening the military position of this country. He is not in the service for glory; he has been actuated solely by a desire to do all within his power to protect his native land from danger from whatever source. He regards this as one of the cardinal duties of citizenship.

There have been many recent converts to "prepared-ss." Cornelius Vanderbilt is not of this class. Sixteen years ago, in 1901, he joined the 12th New York Infantry, threw himself into the work with characteristic zeal and rose to the rank of captain after eight years' service. Major-General Roe, who then commanded the State National Guard, appointed him an aide and when General National Guard, appointed him an aide and when General Roe was succeeded in 1912 by Major-General O'Ryan as commander of the Guard, Cornelius Vanderbilt was promoted to be one of the inspector generals of the State with the rank of lieutenant-colonel.

When the President's call came in the Spring of 1916 Colonel Vanderbilt at once responded. To meet Federal regulations the rank of all Guard staff officers was lowered a step, and Colonel Vanderbilt then

a step, and Colonel Vanderbilt then became Major Vanderbilt, Inspector of the Sixth Division. His border record proved him a soldier under al! circumstances.
It is Colonel Vanderbilt's creed that

men who voluntarily devote them-selves to become capable defenders of the nation deserve well at the nation's hands. When, therefore, the many thousands of guardsmen on duty on the Mexican border were to lose their vote at the Presidential lose their vote at the Presidential election because of their absence from their home States, he had a test case made of his application for an order permitting him to register—and won. This incident is significant of his whole conception of soldier-

"I am a staunch believer in the National Guard. It develops men, it develops their character, it develops their physique," he declared very earnestly to me. "The country ought to be prepared to defend itself."

By common consent, Cornelius Vanderbilt was made chairman of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense

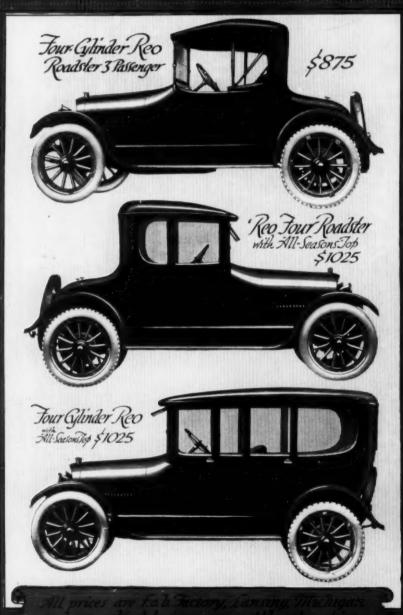
organized in New York in 1915, simultaneously with the creation of similar committees throughout the country.

(Continued on page 420)



IN SERVICE ON THE BORDER





Get Your Reo Now-

AGAIN WE CAUTION YOU—as we did last April and the year before and each year before that—that there won't be, can't be, enough Reos to go round. Many must be disappointed.

THAT ONLY THOSE who order now and take delivery as soon as the local dealer can supply them, can hope to be numbered among the "Lucky Ones," who will drive Reos this season.

APRIL ALWAYS BRINGS the biggest demand of the year—the big Spring demand starts then. May and June only accentuate it.

OBVIOUSLY, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE for any factory to manufacture in those months enough cars to fill the orders that dealers will book in that period.

IN THE CASE OF REO, it has never been possible for us to make enough cars in the Winter months to supply the Spring rush.

IN FACT, NEVER since the first Reo left the factory has there been a time when it was possible to make enough cars to supply all who wanted Reos

OF COURSE WE COULD have more nearly caught up with the demand, did not the Reo policy prevent. Were we, in short, willing to sacrifice quality in favor of mere quantity considerations.

FINANCIALLY, REO IS one of the strongest concerns in the world. Among manufacturers the Reo plant is regarded as the "Model Automobile Factory."

SO YOU SEE THERE'S NO OBSTACLE in the way of large quantity production, save that which we have deliberately placed there ourselves.

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Now—It Is Imperative

THAT REO POLICY, established at the inception of Reo, has never been changed. Exigencies of the moment influence that plan not at all.

WE REO FOLK are not, never have been, ambitious to make all the automobiles—only the best.

MERE VOLUME does not appeal to us. We covet a reputation that to our way of thinking is far beyond that.

THE QUALITY THAT IS REO is the result of that policy. And it is also the cause of the effect that manifests itself in the form of a constant overdemand—a demand for Reos of all models, that is almost hopelessly in excess of the factory output.

THAT YOU KNOW REO QUALITY—that it is splendidly appreciated by motorists generally—is amply evidenced by that very demand.

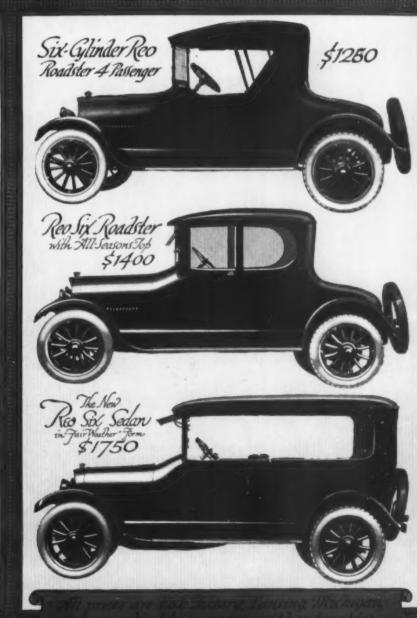
SO AT THIS TIME, 'twould be a waste of words to tell you more of Reo quality.

OUR MESSAGE TO YOU—a suggestion of most vital import at this time—is to delay not another day the selection and ordering of your automobile.

AND IF YOU'VE DECIDED to cease experimenting and buy a Reo, see to it that your Reo dealer is advised in the form of an actual order—else you may again be disappointed.

THERE WON'T BE—can't be enough Reos to go round. Reports from Reo Dealers everywhere tell the same story, sound the same warning.

SO DON'T DELAY—today won't be a minute too soon.





A Heavy Machine-Shop in 30 Days Austin Standard No. 2

HE building shown above and below is one of three distinct types that we build complete, ready for occupancy, in 30 working-days after you place the order. It is admirably suited to machine-shop, foundry or erecting-shop uses. Daylight and ventilation are excellent; and the center aisle may be equipped with craneways if required.

As usually constructed, this building is 90 feet wide, with three 30-foot aisles; but because the 1-beams are carried in stock uncut, the aisle-width may be less. The length may be any multiple of 20 feet. The building is a substantial structure which is giving satisfaction to many users.

Austin Standard Factory-Buildings include nine distinct types suited to many widely varying uses, and susceptible of many combinations. Austin service also includes the design, construction and equipment of individual buildings and complete plants. Write, 'phone or wire for particulars.



The Austin Company INDUSTRIAL BUILDERS Cleveland, Ohio

Jackson, Mich.





LESLIE'S TRAVEL BUREAU which appears in the first and third issues to Lesle's readers who are planning to travel at home or abroad. Correspondents are requested to state definitely their destination and time at which the proposed trip is to be made. This will facilitate the work of this bureau. Stamps for reply should be enclosed. Address Editor Travel Bureau. Lesle's Weekly, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

MEN WHO ARE MAKING AMERICA

At the Convention of Mayors and Mayors' the world has ever known has only 250,000

on that platform to make a speech,"one of his friends assured me. doubt it wa "Without was the trying ordeal of his life, he is so averse to anything savoring of strutting or posing or thrusting bim-self into the limelight. Only his deep sense of re-sponsibility and the ur-gency for action impelled him to make that public address."

In his speech, "The

Navy, Our First Line of Defense," he showed his contempt for mere lip-patriots by declaring with great force that "the great force that "the nation cannot be pre-served merely by displaying the American flag over the door." That is not his conception of an able-bodied citizen's duties.

"The decision of our forefathers at the first crisis created this nation, he said; "the decision of their sons at the second crisis preserved the Union from internal disruption, and our decision in this third crisis is to determine whether this nation shall be preserved from external domination.

'The War of the Revolution was won only after eight years of strife in which 395,000 men were enrolled in the American Army to fight forces which at no time exceeded onetenth of that number; in the War of 1812 over 500,000 men were called out to fight, generally unsuccessfully, a total force that never equalled to per cent. of that number.

"It is impossible to conceive of any better proof of the incompetence of an army of university of the content of

At the Convention of Mayors and Mayors' Committees on National Defense, held at St. Louis in March, 1916, he made a rousing address.

"Colonel Vanderbilt would rather have faced a charge of Mexicans than stood up of over a hundred millions, or will incur on that platform to make the largest large enough to form a nexpense large enough to make the largest large enough the largest largest

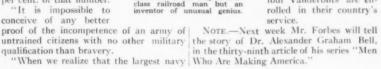
to imperil our budget.

"Great Britain, though but a few miles from her enemy, relies on her ships, and no foe as yet has set foot upon her soil. Huge armies have not saved Russia or France from invasion; Italian troops are in Austrian territory; France occupies part of German Alsace; in short, armies have not saved their countries from invasions; navies have and still do.

"Whatever the final lessons may be, we have not only to build those types of vessels chosen by our possible enemies, but we should steadily construct at least four ships of each type to their three.

This is what we should recommend to our representatives in Congress and thus insist on a return as soon as possible to our posoon as possible to our po-sition of at least second naval power. We should also recommend a corre-sponding increase in the officers and men to man these vessels.

Announcement of Cor-nelius Vanderbilt's promotion last December to the Colonelcy of the 22nd New York Engineers was everywhere hailed as a recognition of his fifteen years' active service as a volunteer sol-dier. It is interesting to know that his military career has exerted a marked influence on other men and boys in his family and today four Vanderbilts are en-





A SOLDIER AFTER KITCHENER'S HEART

Men who have been through service with Colonel Vander-bilt say he is every inch a soldier. Men in civil life say he is in every way a public-spirited and resourceful man of high ability. Railroad men assert he is not only a first-class railroad man but an inventor of unusual genius.

WATCHING THE NATION'S BUSINESS

BY THOMAS F. LOGAN LESLIE'S WEEKLY BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C.

EFFICIENCY IN

WAR TIMES

code word running the length and breadth of the empire brought every fighting man to his already provided equipment within the space of a few hours. When he arrived, the German soldier found his water bottle filled with fresh water. The same bottle had been replenished every day since the Franco-Prussian war! As compared with this almost superefficiency, our own preparedness be-comes a mockery. To correct these condi-tions prominent administrators and business men from all parts of the United States recently met in Washington to frame for the national government a program of efficiency to accompany the extraordinary measures

of national defense now being undertaken. These men, who form the executive council of the National Civil Service Reform

WITH the world League, say the greatest losses of the Euro against her the pean war have not been due to the failures of the armies at the front but to the bungling Germany explains why and inefficiency at the remote rear. Proofs she has been able to hold out in the unequal contest. When war was declared, a single at the beginning of the war, by the Russians at the beginning of the war, by the Russians in the Mazurian lake and Carpathian campaigns and with the British at Gallipoli. Bungling resulted in the overturning of the Bungling resulted in the overturning of the French ministry, changes in the British cabinet, and the downfall of the Romanoff dynasty. Had the Prussian military machine been less perfect, the Hohenzollern might have gone the same way. Probably a million men have been lost in the European war through inefficiency of the guiding powers of government. Considering that they were picked men physically and mentally, the economic loss to the nations constitutes no small part of the war bill. A proportionate small part of the war bill. A proportionate loss, from the standpoint of the economic value of human lives, would be greater than any amount appropriated for defense

(Continued on page 422)

ade where steel is king

Spark Plugs are not often considered in connection with the efficiency and performance of the motor. Dynamometer and actual road tests *prove* them to be a most important factor.

Bethlehem Five Point Spark Plugs under such tests, have shown that they are the ultimate in both theory and practice. They must give you satisfaction far in excess of that to which you have been accustomed.

Guaranteed for the Life of Your Car

Price One Dollar (in Canada, \$1.25)

If your dealer cannot supply you, write us, specifying make and model of car

THE SILVEX COMPANY

BETHLEHEM PRODUCTS
SOUTH BETHLEHEM, PA.

E. H. SCHWAB, President

BETHLEHEN



nished or enameled surface. And does it quicker, easier, better.

Put a few drops of 3-in-One on a clean cloth wrung out in cold water. Wipe the surface carefully, a little at a time. This

cloth wrung out in cold water. Wipe the surface carefully, a little at a time. This fetches out all dirt and stains. Then wipe dry with a soft cloth, and the result is a clean and lasting lustre. Try it!

3-in-One The Universal Household Oil

makes mirrors and cut glass glittermakes bathroom fixtures shine cleans and polishes all metal surfaces—prevents rust and tarnish.

on a piece of cheesecloth is the best and cheapest dustless duster.
3-in-One on any ordinary mop makes a polish mop that does wonders for hardwood floors.
3-in-One is sold at all stores, in

Handy Oil Cans. The 50c bottles and in 25c
Handy Oil Cans. The 50c bottle is the
most economical size to buy for household use—it contains a full half-pint of oil.

FREE A generous sample of 3-in-One Oil and Special Furniture Circular—both sent free on request.

Three-in-One Oil Co., 42 CEW. Broadway, New York

WATCHING THE
NATION'S BUSINESS

(Continued from page 420)

PATRIOTISM OF BUSINESS TEN million dollars will be saved to the nation by the patriotic action of the

great copper-producing companies of the country, under the leadership of John D. Ryan, in offering the nation all the copper needed by the government for the army and navy at half price. That is what the offer recently made means. The price fixed by the copper companies to the government is on the basis of the average for ten years. That is less than 17 cents a pound. The price today, largely because of the increased costs of labor and machinery, and the increased demand, ranges from 38 cents down to 33, according to the time of delivery. If the move made by the copper companies is followed by other producing concerns, it will take all profit out of war. It is a complete answer to the professional pacifists who argued that selfish business interests were behind the preparedness movement.

WHO PULLS
THE STRINGS?

PUBLIC opinion forced the abdication of the Czar of Russia, the retirement of Briand, of France,

the resignation of Asquith, of France, the resignation of Asquith, of England, and the dismissal of Von Moltke, of Germany. The more power a war statesman possesses, the more easily is his downfall accomplished if he uses the power unwisely or inefficiently. The public pulls the strings. In the United States, the public forced President Wilson to arm merchantmen. It forced the Senate to amend its rules to prevent any more fill-busters. It forced the President to put forward the date for the meeting of Congress. It will force incompetents and weaklings and those who are half-hearted to stand aside for efficiency.

THE DILEMMA OF A DIPLOMAT

THERE is an old story of an accomplished courtier who always sneezed

who always sneezed when his royal master took snuff, which is only matched by the renowned Vicar of Bray, who, holding his sacred office u many changing governments, explained that his political principles consisted in determin-ing how best to live and die the Vicar of Bray. Perhaps Ambassador George Bakh-meteff, Russian minister to the United States, has a problem even harder than that of the good vicar to solve. It all came about through a revolution in Russia, which tossed Prof. Paul Miliukoff to the position of min-ister of foreign affairs of the new govern-The importance of this elevation lies in the fact that it is a sequel to earlier events. Miliukoff, expatriated some years ago from Russia, was for a while a lecturer at the niversity of Chicago in this country, and later obtained a professorship at Belgrade, in Serbia. There his trail crossed that of Bakhmeteff, then newly appointed as the Russian minister to Belgrade. One of the first acts of Bakhmeteff, accord ing to Miliukoff's friends, was to have the expatriated professor ousted from his job. It is the turn of affairs that has since transpired which has led official Washington to predict the early retirement of Bakhmeteff from the field of diplomacy, although it is possible, of course, that he may serve his new master as faithfully and zealously as he did the old.

HAVE YOUR WATCH TESTED IF you propose purchasing an expensive timepiece, Uncle Sam will see that you

Sam will see that you consider a fee of \$5 not too much to expend for his services. On Tuesday, April to, the next watch-testing period will begin at the Bureau of Standards in Washington. There are four of these tests conducted every year, the one to follow beginning on the second Tuesday in August. Watches may be submitted by manufacturer, retailer, or individual owner. The test lasts fifty-four days.



Don't feed your car on dollar bills. Don't be a blank check to your chauffeur or the garageman.

Your car is one of the biggest investments in your establishment. Just because you have money is no reason you should squander it. Read Motor Life and

Learn the Tricks of Experts

These tricks save you hundreds of dollars in upkeep bills. Just one hint about carburction may save you \$25 in gasoline. Another about the care of tires may save you \$50. A new idea in preserving paint and upholstery will give your car \$100 greater second-hand value.

These are the things that Motor Life tells you by the score in every number—at the cost of one unnecessary hour in the repair shop.

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The new things are shown first in Motor Life—new cars, new body styles, new conveniences, new luxuries. It keeps you up-to-the-minute in motoring things, just as the leading fashion magazines do in clothes.

magazines do in clothes.

"Motor Life is different from ordinary
"automobile magazines." You want
to save money in running your car, but
you want to have a good time doing it.
You are bored with technicalities.
You like your pudding served with a
pictorial sauce, a dash of society, clubs
and sports, and a few grains of humor.
That's what Motor Life gives you—and
you'll pass your plate for more.

Save Money

in running your car by reading Motor Life. Save money in subscribing by signing this coupon. Get these six elaborate numbers at one-third less than regular rate—\$1.00 instead of \$1.50. You get, besides, without charge, the most complete touring, mechanical and shopping service ever offered by a magazine.

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Don't Send Money

Motor Life, 243 West 39th St., New York

New York

I accept your special offer. Send Motor
Life for six months and a bill for one dollar
(regular rate \$1.50).—OR.—Send it for two
years and bill for \$3.00 (Regular rate \$6.00).

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No matter where you live, New England, in the Mississippi Valley, or on the Southern Seaboard—to think nationally, you must supplement your local journal with the New York newspaper carrying the most enlightened Washington correspondence. New York is the second largest city in the world. It is the capital of the western hemisphere, the American city most informed on international affairs. Its oldest, most authoritative and most forward-looking newspaper,

THE NEW YORK EVENING POST, is a friend, a news service, and an adviser—that no American citizen of affairs can afford to be without.

Tuesday in August. Watches may be submitted by manufacturer, retailer, or individual owner. The test lasts fifty-four days.

A CHOCOLATE OPPORTUNITY



FROM THESE UNATTRACTIVE PODS COMES THE CHOCOLATE FOR

FROM THESE UNATTRACTIVE PODS COMES THE CHOCOLATE FO DAINTY BONBONS

Comparatively few of the lovers of the soda-fountain and candy counter are conc with the source of the chocolate in the confections they order. Chocolate comes the seeds of the fruit of the cacao tree. The fruit, which is usually gathered fro trees twice yearly, is somewhat like a cucumber in shape and is red or yellow in according to the variety of the tree. The seeds, which completely fill the thick as this picture shows, are removed, fermented, screened and dried, and from the prepared cocoa, cocoa-butter and chocolate.

A MERICANS are the largest users of this commodity in Trinidad, Venezuela, candy in the world and we have a Colombia and Ecuador. particular fondness for confections flavored Latin-America offers an unusual opporwith chocolate or composed chiefly of that tunity to American manufacturers in anarticle. The soda-fountain is found only in the United States and Canada and of all the syrups used chocolate is the favorite. Despite these facts our chief sources of supply for cacao and chocolate were England

America 36,000,000 pounds and Asia about 1,000,000 pounds. In 1916 a peculiar condition developed in our chocolate market, the imports of which reached the enormous quantity of 243,000,000 pounds. Of this amount Europe contributed but 2,000,ooo pounds; Central America and the West Indies, 95,600,000 pounds; South America 97,700,000 pounds and, most significant of all, Africa furnished 28,000,000 pounds, an an, Arrica turnshed 28,000,000 pounds, an unusually large proportion coming from the Gold Coast of Africa and isolated English colonies. Following, there developed in this country a large re-export trade in this commodity. In 1915 our total reexports of chocolate amounted to 29,000,000 pounds as against only 5,285,000 pounds of

on Coast of Africa and isolated Engish is country a large re-export trade in its country a large re-export trade in its commodity. In 1915 our total resports of chocolate amounted to 29,000,000 ounds as against only 5,285,000 pounds to 1912.

There exists no valid reason why we will not consider the could not go on increasing our export trade to both chocolates and candies. Our nearness to the leading sugar-producing councies, and our closeness to Trinidad, Venescies, and the trinical trinical trinical trinical trinical trinical should not go on increasing our export trade in both chocolates and candies. Our near-ness to the leading sugar-producing coun-tries, and our closeness to Trinidad, Vene-zuela, Colombia, and Ecuador, the principal cacao-growing territories makes conditions ideal for this purpose. Furthermore the purchase of cacao from the West Indies and Central and South American markets would aid materially in the development of reciprocal trade, the only proper basis on which to establish export markets.

It is a fact that all the sugar-raising countries raise cacao also. This being the case I have often wondered why progressive manufacturers do not make chocolate where it is grown instead of shipping the essential ingredients to factories thousands at great expense in freight and ling charges. There are really of miles away at great expense in freight and other forwarding charges. There are really wonderful opportunities for manufacturing wonderful opportunities for manufacturing promptly by mail. This service is entirely free

tunity to American manufacturers in another line of goods. All Latin-American countries are to-day in need of furniture, and excellent markets for these goods are to be found in the principal cities. Formerly Austria, France and Germany supplied their requirements. Bent wood furniture is in great demand. In order to secure this tradescent of the country of the cou in our imports of cacao and chocolate since the war began. In 1913 we purchased about 149,500,000 pounds of chocolate. Of this quantity Europe supplied us about 71,000,000 pounds; Central America and the West Indies 41,500,000 pounds; South America 36,000,000 pounds. In 1,000,000 pounds and Asia about 1,000,000 the outer shell of varnish, the damage done being only noticed when one attempts to use the piece of furniture. One method of preventing such attacks is to place legs of furniture in cups or saucers of kerosene, but the European furniture manufacturer had a means of treating wood that made it insect-proof and this gave him a leverage on the market. Light metal furniture, treated with a rust preventive compound for rainy districts, I am sure would also sell well.

TRADE NOTES

It seems certain that the Orient, Russia and Siberia are to be the scenes of remarkable mining operations, after the war. This is an opportune moment for manufacturers of mining machinery and equipment to prospect these fields for possibilities.

Bolivia is showing great activity in opening new trails and in the construction of railways and wagon roads to the vast agricultural regions near her eastern border. The government has just authorized a loan of \$5,000,000 to be made for the building of one section of the Uyuni-Tuzipa Railway.

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I am considering the purchase of a ence, or the price you want to pay.)	(Give name or make if you have any prefer-
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Motor Cycle .	
Motor Truck	e me, free of charge, this special information:
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Address	Les. 4-12-17









DO YOU KNOW

BY RICHARD SMITH

ACTING under the authority vested in him by the naval law of August 29th, 1916, the President has called for 27,000 more men to bring the navy's strength up to 87,000, the number necessary to man our

fleet adequately.

The absolute necessity of a powerful navy at this time must be recognized by any thinking man, for on its strength hangs the safety of the country. In addition to his call for new recruits, the President has set the wheels going for the vast development of the fleet proper through the expenditure of the additional \$517,000,000 appropriated by Congress on March third. This sum added to the \$318,000,000 appropriated in 1916 has given the Navy Department, in a period of seven months, a total of \$835,000,000 available for immediate expenditure

With the quality of our navy there is no omplaint. In material and personnel it ranks with any in the world but in quantity which it must be remembered is also vital. we are inferior to several foreign powers It will take months and years to build the dreadnoughts that are to rank us second among the navies of the world but the enlistment of seamen should be a matter of

days and their training one of months.

The chief fighting units of our navy are concentrated in three active fleets. concentrated in three active neets, each having an admiral as commander-in-chief. The Atlantic fleet covers the Atlantic ocean, Mediterranean Sea and tributary waters and it may be said that in this fleet is centered the real naval strength of the country. The Pacific fleet covers the western coast of North and South America, western coast of North and South America, Hawaii and Samoa, while the Asiatic fleet covers the western Pacific, the Philippines and the Indian Ocean. Neither of these two, however, has first-class fighting strength. Such detached ships as act in the Caribbean are controlled directly from Westiants. Washington.

The present Atlantic fleet consists of four divisions of first-line hattleships, each division theoretically consisting of four vessels; though two have but three ships; a cruiser force; a destroyer force; a large force of submarines; a reserve battleship force; a weak scout force; a mine force and other auxiliary vessels for repair work, fuel and supply bearing. Along the seaboard and operating in conjunction with the fleet is the coast defense force of older vessels.

The young man entering the navy is most interested in his chances for advancement. Secretary of War Daniels, in his recent report, had this to say

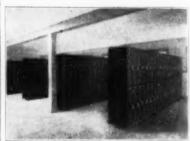
The American navy offers as fine an opportunity as exists to the American youth who wishes to win in the race of life. It offers a wide variety of industrial courses to ambitious young men. Under twenty years of age and after a year's service a bluejacket may stand the examinations for admission to the Naval Academy, to which twenty-five lads from the service are admitted annually. If he is studious and mitted annually. If he is studious and ambitious the bluejacket may rise in due time to wear the much-coveted four stars of an admiral. "But whether a bluejacket remains in

the navy with opportunity to climb to the highest pinnacle of success, or whether he learns a trade and retires eventually to civil life to ply it, he gets in the navy one of the finest trainings available anywhere, an experience unique and broadening, and in which he is well fitted for the duties of patriotism and of citizenship.

Under new rules fifteen enlisted men have been commissioned as assistant paymasters, sixty-four as pay clerks, and in the future all pay clerks will be promoted from the ranks. Thirteen enlisted men have been promoted to the rank of ensigns. Enlisted men are also eligible for commissions in the aviation corps.

Commissioned officers are of the line or of the staff. The officers of the line are:

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How Old Are Your Eyes?

Besides, what a nuisance it is to peer over the top of your reading glasses—or remove them entirely—every time you look at distant objects. Fussing with two pairs is still more inconvenient. And the old-fashioned bifocals, with the seam or hump, are so unsightly and age-revealing.

The one way to retain youthful, effi-cient eyesight is to wear

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KRYPTOKS (pronounced Crip-tocks) ep your eyes young in usefulness, because eycombine near and far vision in one lens They keep your eyes young in looks, be-cause no seam nor hump reveals the fact that you are wearing double-vision glasses. The surfaces of KRYPTOKS are clear, smooth and even.

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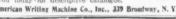


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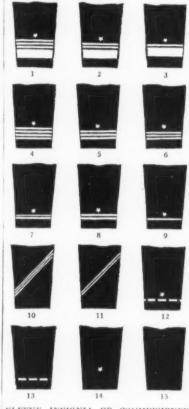


DO YOU KNOW THE NAVY?

ued from page 124)

The Admiral of the Navy, which was the rank of Admiral Dewey, the Admirals of the Fleet, three in number, vice admiral, rear admiral, captain, commander, lieutenant commander, lieutenant, lieutenant junior grade and ensign. Addshipmen are classed also in the line. also in the line.

The officers of the staff are medical, dental and pay officers, chaplains, pro-fessors of mathematics, naval constructors and civil engineers.



SLEEVE INSIGNIA OF COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS OF THE NAVA

- 11 Midshipman, 2d Class 12 Chief Boatswain, Chief Gunner, Chief Machinist 13 Chief Carpenter, Chief Sailmaker, Chief Pharma-cist
- mander
 7 Lieutenant cist
 8 Lieutenant, junior
 grade Hossign 15 Carpenter, Sailmaker,
 Class Class Pay Clerk

 Chief Chief Control Control
 Control Carpenter, Sailmaker,
 Pharmacist,
 Pay Clerk

As in the army, branches of the service, rank of officers and grades of enlisted men may be distinguished by style of uniform, color of facings, collar and cap devices braid and chevrons.

braid and chevrons.

Warrant officers, a classification confined to the navy, hold their authority direct from the Secretary of the Navy. They rank below commissioned officers and are boatswains, gunners, carpenters, sailmakers, machinists and pharmacists.

Under the warrant officers come the petty officers, who may be compared to the non-commissioned officers of the army. The chevious worn to designate certain grades among petty officers and enlisted men are

among petty officers and enlisted men are shown in the illustrations accompanying

this article.

The modern battleship is probably the most complete and complex machine man has ever produced, and though the pictur-esque features which surrounded the wooden man-of-war of years ago have gone, their place has been taken by features a thousand times more interesting and inspiring. Here is the last word in a cold, brutal, fighting machine that is also a home for a thousand men; a machine that fairly radiates personality and proves itself both a work-





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Go In It?

There is something better than bread or crackers—better in food value, better in taste, and better for digestion.

It is Puffed Wheat, with all the wheat elements, and every food cell exploded.

Grains of wheat—or grains of rice—putfed to eight times normal size. Bubble-like grains, flaky, toasted and thin. Airy morsels which crush at a buch, and which have an almond flavor.

Made by Prof. Anderson's process, so digestion is easy and complete. Every atom feeds.

Folks get too little whole-grain food. Why serve a part-grain in your milk dish when whole grains are so dainty?

Puffed **Puffed** Wheat Rice

and Corn Puffs

Each 15c Except in Far West



What Shall

Go On It?

Fruit is better when a crust goes with it. That's the reason for pies and is and shortcake.

Puffed Grains are dainty, not-like crusts to mix in with your berries. They form a delightful blend.

Or serve the Puffed Grains in a separate dish, covered with sugar and cream. And eat them with your fruit.

There is nothing else like them. Nothing with food cells exploded. Nothing with such an inviting taste. Your folks will revel in Puffed Grain dishes. Serve all three kinds, and serve them often. They are the perfect grain foods.

The Quaker Oals Company

Sole Makers



The Lesson of Predominance

The growth or decline of any business depends inevitably upon the character of the article produced.

The public is not slow to appraise this character, and to reward it in just proportion to its excellence.

Thus, to the discerning person, the fact that more Goodyear Tires are sold in the United States than any other brand is deeply significant.

And as deeply significant is the further fact that the margin of Goodyear leadership is widening every day.

The first fact admits of but one conclusion: Goodyear Tires more ably than any others meet the wish of the average motorist.

The second fact supplements this conclusion with evidence that Goodyear Tires consistently are preferable, and as such are coming into wider and wider use every day.

Both conclusions should bear heavily with you in the selection of tires for your car.

Both recommend directly that your selection should be Goodyear Tires.

Goody ear Tires, Heavy Tourist Tubes and "Tire Saver" Accessories are easy to get from Goodyear Service Station Dealers everywhere.

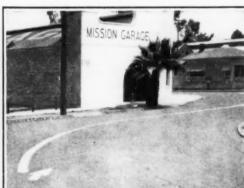
The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio



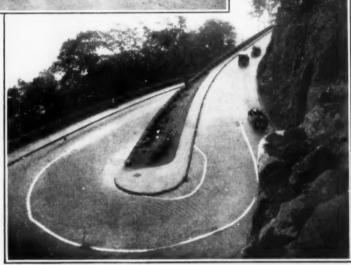
MOTOR DEPARTMENT

CONDUCTED BY H. W. SLAUSON, M. E.

Readers desiring information about motor cars, trucks, delivery wagons, motorcycles, motor boats, accessories or State laws, can obtain it by writing to the Motor Department Leslie's Weekly, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City. We answer inquiries free of charge



"KEEF ON YOUR OWN SIDE OF THE ROAD"



SAFETY DEMANDS THAT MOTORISTS KEEP TO THE RIGHT This highway, which marks one of the entrances to the Palisades opposite Ne City, contains several sharp turns, each of which is marked in the manner show driver of the car which trespasses on the wrong side of the line is liable to ar

BAD ROADS-AND EXCUSES

noies and breaks in its construction as to represent a greater hardship on the tires, mechanism of the car, and comfort of the occupants than the most poorly kept dirt road. In fact, it is a favorite saying of mo-

low the surface to withstand the effect of the frozen ground on either side. Furthermore, the surface must be water-proof in order to prevent the entrance of rain or melted snow, which, when frozen, will separate and disin-tegrate the best-laid foundation. Also, the road surface and gutters must be so con-structed that the highway will automatically drain itself of all water. This serves the purpose of automatic flushing and accounts

THE vast increase in the year-round use of the motor car has been due, principally, to the great number of modern roadsconstructed throughout the country.

The modern road, with its hard surface, leaves no tire-destroying ruts after a midwinter thaw, and is hard and dry during March and April, while the so-called "good roads" are still impassable seas of mud. Unfortunately, however, the terms "modern road" and "good road" are not synonymous. The road may be dry and hard-surfaced and yet may contain so many holes and breaks in its construction as to surfaced and vet may contain so many of the contractor, which accounts for a large part of the improved roads which need to be represent a greater hardship on the tires, mechanism of the car, and comfort of the contractor, which accounts for a large part of the improved roads which need to be reconstructed each year. The town or occupants than the most poorly kept dirt road. In fact, it is a favorite saying of mo-

road. In fact, it is a favorite saying of motorists that "a good road gone wrong is worse than no road at all."

Highway engineering has become a highly developed art, and good road-making materials are plentiful. Consequently there is absolutely no excuse for a modern road "to go wrong" within its first four or five seasons of use—unless petty graft and local politics can be considered as sufficient excuses.

It is not enough that the surface of the road be composed of the proper materials. These materials must rest on a firm foundation which extends to a sufficient depth below the surface to withstand the effect of the ments, conducted by thoroughgoing county and township authorities are open to any other investigators, and consequently ignor-ance of the results obtained from different types of construction or materials can form no plea in extenuation of the failure of roads to last the required eight, ten, fifteen or

Furthermore, for those road users unde-

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M.V.

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price in two. You now save \$51 per machine. No need to pay \$100 again.

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MOTOR DEPARTMENT

cided as to the proper nature of road con struction for various kinds of traffic, the manufacturers of different road-making materials have combined to form organiza tions, which have collected such m



AN ATTRACTIVE HOTEL SIGN Good roads and good accommodations go together. Hotels which are recom-mended by state organizations of motorists may be relied upon to treat even the non-member tourns: with courtesy and fairness.

in the form of correct specifications for the construction of improved roads.

With all of this material before our road commissioners, the motorist—and voter— knows at what point to attach the blame for road conditions as they are today

QUESTIONS OF GENERAL INTEREST

HOLDING CAR ON HILL

D. A. N.: "I find it rather difficult to pull my emergency brake to a notch which will hold tight enough to prevent the ear from rolling down a steep hill. Would it be advisable to use a chain around the spokes of the wheel?"

This will not be necessary. A stone, or other heavy object, when placed in front of the wheel, will serve the purpose. If you have difficulty in holding the car until you can put the stone in place you might throw the transmission to reverse or to low speed. This, in conjunction with the emergency brake, will serve to hold the car on the steepest grade until you can block it.

BLOWOUT AFTER VULCANIZING

N. E. B.: "I valcanized a small cut in my tire other day and the patch seemed to hold well. the running a few hundred miles, however, the bebw out right under the patch. How can you ount for this?"

account for this?"

If the cut was a small one, it is quite probable that you did not observe the bottom of the cut to note whether the fabric was injured or not. A piece of glass or other sharp object which cut through the thick rubber tread of the tire would not necessarily stop at a few plies of canvas forming the carcass. If two or three of the five or six plies of fabric are cut this brings are up. the carcass. If two or three of the five or six plies of fabric are cut, this brings an un-due strain upon the remainder. I feel quite certain that this is what happened in your case. It is always advisable to examine the bottom of outs carefully to see that they do not reach through any portion of the fabric.

REASON FOR COOLING OIL

REASON FOR COOLING OIL

C. B. S.: "I note that many manufacturers spec
of the position of the oil pan or oil pipes which enab
the oil to be cooled. Why should the oil be key
cold?"

It is not so much that oil should be kept cold as that it should be prevented from get-ting too hot. Oil which circulates continu-ously through the engine is liable to reach a ously through the engine is hable to reach a temperature closely approximating that of certain portions of the engine itself. Under these conditions the oil becomes thin and loses much of its lubricating properties. Therefore, at the time when the greatest lubricating properties of the oil are needed most, the oil is in the least condition to perform its work. Proper cooling of the oil overcomes this difficulty.

LAW REQUIRING REAR VIEW MIRROR
A. C. V.: "Has any state enacted a law which requires the use of rear view mirrors on cars?"

New Jersey has enacted such a law. The mirror should be on the driver's side of the car so that a clear view of the road may be obtained for several feet behind. This prevents accidents caused by turning in

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if you will keep your motor free from carbon. That knock—the difficulty you have in climbing hillspick-up—lack of power—noisy motor—in fact 80% of engine trouble is caused by carbon. Clean it out with

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and your engine will run like it did the first 500 miles—quietly and full of "pep." And your gasoline consumption will drop from 12% to 25%.

You Can Do It Yourself

For 25c—five minutes time—and with no labor you, yourself, can remove all carbon deposits. Simply pour an ounce of Johnson's Guaranteed Carbon Remover into each cylinder. It softens the carbon and releases it from the metal—then as the engine is operated the deposit burns, powders and goes out with the exhaust.

Use It Every 1,000 Miles

If you will use Johnson's Carbon Remover at regular intervals giving carbon no chance to accumulate, you will automatically climinate most valve trouble and your engine will always be at its highest efficiency.







The original self-acting Radiator Cement

It is a dry powder. It dissolves in the hot water of your radiator. Arrived at the leak, the lower tem-perature causes it to conseal into a permanent repair.

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DO YOU KNOW THE NAVY?

shop and a self-supporting community able not only to clothe and feed, teach, employ and amuse those who live in it, but also to supply virtually everything that the average man's comfort or interest demands. Truly the modern battleship offers community life developed to the nth degree.

Probably, too, there is no more complete and startling proof of the value of discipline, drill and cooperation for maintaining not only efficiency but also safety, than that given on a battleship.

Responsibility rests on the shoulders of every man on board and vital responsibility rests on the shoulders of many hundreds among the thousand. That is why practical not theoretical training is necessary, why the maneuvers at Guantanamo are the most valuable side of naval life, why laxness is not tolerated. Too many million dollars worth of property and too many huadreds of lives are at stake to permit of inefficiency or carelessness. With such a complexity of duties in mind, as fall to every man from common seaman to captain, one may readily understand why the government wants only its best and most intelligent among the young men of the country in its navy

Consider for a moment the personnel of a battleship. At the top, with full command and responsibility, stands the captain, the and responsibility, administrator. He is perhaps as near an absolute monarch when at sea as the civilized world offers. After the captain comes the executive officer, on whose shoulders his chief places responsibility for maintaining the general and military efficiency of the ship. He is the captain's representative and to him every question is referred. The heads of departments and all officers and men are under his direct orders. Under the executive officer, who may have one of several ranks, but on the larger ships is likely to be a lieutenant commander, comes the first lieutenant. To him is delegated the first lieutenant. To him is delegated the care and order of the vessel. In short, he is "the housekeeper." Then, day and night some officer must be in temporary and full charge of the deck, his headquarters are on the bridge. He is known as the officer-of-the-deck. On these officers rests the main executive control.

At the heads of the various departments are the medical and pay officers, the officer in command of the marines or "sea soldiers," the chief engineer who has charge of the motive machinery and lighting and heating plants, the navigator, the gunnery or ordnance officer, who is responsible for the real work for which the ship is built, that of destruction, and the chaplain. These men, with their direct subordinates down to the younger ensigns, form what is called the ward-room mess. The captain, however dines alone. Other messes or "families" dines alone. dining together are those formed by the junior, the warrant and the petty officers.

Divided up among the various depart-ments of the ship are the warrant officers and the petty officers of many classes and grades. The boatswain and his mates, grades. The boatswain and his mates, acting under the executive officer and lieutenant, have charge of the decks, anchors and cables. They summon the crew to its duties by whistle and pass on all orders to the men. They are the experts in seamanship. The gunners and their mates have charge of the ship's ordnance and electrical equipment, under the ordnance officer or his division officers.

The carpenters and their mates have as

their duty the maintenance, in good condition, of the ship. The quartermaster and his assistants come under the navigator and see to the carrying out of all orders which have to do with navigation. The masters-at-arms act as ship police. The yeomen form the clerical force in the different departments. Coxswains act as boat crew commanders.

Petty officers and enlisted men are in (Continued on page 429)

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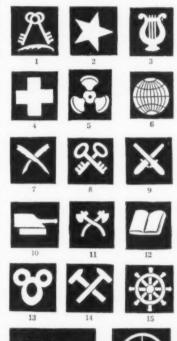
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DO YOU KNOW THE NAVY?

Continued from page 428

seamen branch, which might be called the deck and turret branch of the service, the artificer branch, which could be called the mechanical or engine room and repair department division, the special branch, made up of the commissary, hospital, police and general housekeeping departments, and















CHEVRONS OF U.S. NAVY'S ENLISTED MEN

ENLISTED MEN

1 Commissary Stew ard ard Sailmakers' Mates Blacksmiths, Shipfitters
3 Bandmasters, Mussicians Stewards and Apprentices
5 Machinists' Mates, Colers, Coppers, Boiler Makers, Oilers, Coppers, Smiths
6 Electricians
7 Yeome Three Clesses
8 Chief Yeomen Gunners' Mates, Coxwains Torpedoman
10 Earners' Mates, Painters, Plumbers, Fitters Shipwright
12 Printers

12 Printers
13 Sailmakers' Mates, Blacksmiths, Shipfitters
16 Gun-captain Gun-captain Gun-captain Gun-pointer, 2d Class
16 Gun-pointer, 2d Class
17 Gun-pointer, 2d Class
18 Gun-pointer, 1st
18 Caupenters' Mates, Coxwains
20 Torpedoman
21 Seaman-gunner
22 Bugler
23 Radio-operator
24 Ex-apprentice
25 Ships' cooks and bakers
26 Navy "E" given to gun turret, for "cellence" in gunnery

he mess branch which consists of stewards, oks and mess attendants.

When, however, the movement for action

urrives the crew divides itself into two great livisions under the control of the gunnery officer and the engineer. At that moment the seamen branch absorbs the greater number of the men in the special and mess-men branch, who now become ammunition passers or assume duties of a similar nature. while those in the artificer division go to their posts in the bowels of the ship,



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THE railroad situation has again become one of the most important factors in the stock market. Upon the outcome of the urgent appeal of the railroads to the the stock market. Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to make higher freight rates very much depends. The Adamson Law, increasing the wages of hundreds of thousands of workmen, has been sustained by the highest court and must be enforced, howhighest court and must be enforced, how-ever seriously it may affect the roads. But it has placed on the latter a heavy burden and they may stagger under it unless ac-corded reasonable relief. Beside the wage advance, the roads have to reckon with higher prices for supplies and higher taxes. It is cold comfort for them that a special commission is to investigate their financial ability to stand the strain. Long before these commissioners could compile the facts. ability to stand the strain. Long before these commissioners could compile the facts and frame their report, the roads might be in distress. This would inevitably react unfavorably on the business and financial

situation.

The large increase in wages which the Adamson Act imposes is but the latest of many handicaps with which the National and State governments have fettered the roads and checked their expansion. If not offset, it may prove—not the last feather, but the last ton of weight on the backs of some of them. Take, for instance, such a road as the New Haven, which has been heroically striving to rehabilitate itself after years of hard luck and hampering restrictions. The new law, it is estimated, will The new law, it is estimated, will be line \$1,740,000 a year, a grievous

levy on that property.

It is unfair to compel the railroads to swell their annual outlay by \$50,000,000 and yet to forbid them to add one dollar to their incomes. Why should the railway industry alone be prohibited from charging nore for its product when the costs of production are greatly enhanced? The ailroads are semi-public institutions, amenle to state control, but economic law reigns ver them as over strictly private concerns. It is neither justice nor common sense to ignore the fact that higher prices for labor and materials are a clog on railroad operation, not less than on automobile or steel who

For something over a year past, the rail-roads have had a share of prosperity. But who can tell how long this will last? Already the wave of profit appears to have reached its highest and there are signs of recession. Several of the leading roads report consider-able shrinkages of revenue in February. Until it is certain that earnings will not fall back to their old level, no additional bur-dens should be put on the roads, or they should be allowed to protect themselves as

Shippers who oppose the asked-for rate advances are fighting against their own ultimate best interests. The extensive railroad industry must be enabled to prosper if the rest of the country is to do so. Whenever the railroads make money trade is quickened everywhere, for they create market for \$1,000,000,000 worth a year of goods of many kinds goods of many kinds. When they do not thrive the entire land is liable to depression. It would therefore be "good business" for all sections and industries if the commission should grant the transportation systems the right to charge living rates. It does not seem credible that the needs of the carriers seem credible that the needs of the carriers will be ignored or that the increase of to or more percent in freight tariffs in general will be denied them. Favorable action by the Commission would undoubtedly put new life into railroad securities and indirectly add strength to all other issues. There is encouragement in the fact that increases have been allowed in certain rates.

Depressing reports regarding crop pros-pects have been sent out from the wheat pects have been sent out from the wheat producing regions. Owing to lack of a good snow covering the past winter and to prevalence of drought of late, winter wheat on large areas failed to germinate. A serious shortage in the yield of this cereal would have a bad effect on the whole country. Fortunately it is possible to sow spring wheat in the places where winter wheat failed to grow. failed to grow.

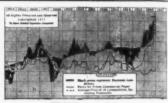
The war cloud hanging over the Nation has a silver lining in the prospect that during wartime industries will be stimulated and wartime industries will be stimulated and prosperity in many lines accelerated. This would have a sustaining effect on the financial market. On material reactions the best classes of securities are still attractive and the purchaser's reward will be all the greater if later there should be the marked boom which many finan-

H., Stockport, Ohio: The preferred stock of oodyear Tire & Rubber Co. is regarded as a good

Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. is regarded as a good business man's investment.

C. L., Elmira, N. Y.: No conservative broker will buy or sell all stocks on a fixed margin of 10 per cent. The margin requirement is scaled according to market price of stock.

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T., Waverfy, Va.: I. I am glad that you made money on Steel and C. F. & I. on my advice. Distillers' par value is \$100 and the dividend was recently reduced from 6 to 2 per cent.

H., Dale, Ind.: Such stocics as Ramsey Products are too speculative for conservative investors. All the cheap mining stocks are gambles. It is a safe rule never to buy the stock of a corporation which is not a dividend payer.

D., Grand Rapids, Mich.: Continental Gas & Electric Co. is paying 6 per cent. on preferred but only 2 per cent. on common. Earnings show a moderate surplus over fixed charges and dividends. The preferred is a fair business man's investment. The common is not attractive.

C., Titusville, Pa.: Anglo-American is one of the S. O. group and a flourishing company. It pays 20 per cent. on par (\$5) or about 6 per cent. on present market price (about \$170\$). It is a good business man's investment. Bear in mind, however, that the company is a British one and liable to a heavy war tax.

J., Memphis, Tenn. There are contradictory stories regarding the merger of Curtiss Aeroplane and Wright-Martin Aircraft. The merger seems at present unlikely. The aeroplane companies are just now long pulls.

H., Bannock, Ohio: 1. So long as La Belle Iron pays dividends, the stocks of the aeroplane companies are just now long pulls.

H., Bannock the world be wise to do so and invest in sound dividend payers.

B., Salean, Ohio: 1. North American Pulp & Paper Co. has extensive properties and if the price of paper holds high it should in time do well, but it seems now a long-pull speculation. If you even up, you would be in better position in case of a general advance. 2 Columbia Gas & Electric paying no dividends is still in the speculative stage. I would prefer a stock yielding a return.

C., Waterloo, Iowa: I cannot see in the Lackawanna Coal & Lumber Co. bondholders' reorganized the property will be selzed by creditors. Under the proferrod stock is a fair business man's inves

Evidently moles the company is reorganized to the property will be setzed by creditors. Under the property will be setzed by creditors. Under the property will be setzed by creditors, could also a setzed by creditors. The property of the extensive properties. A. Presondours, R.S.: Etheore Coal Corp., with the \$12,000,000 common and \$6,000,000 preferred (par \$50), is perhaps not to highly capitalized for lite extensive properties. Incorporated in November. 1912. The preferred took is a fair bidney capitalized on April 1, was not paid because the company and control of the extensive properties. Incorporated in November. 1912. The preferred stock is a fair bissiness man investment.

H. Banzor Pa: The Consolidated Arizons Sending Co. possesses about 723 seres new March 1912. The preferred stock is a fair bas been a moderate resolutor. It is said to be well managed and the sending of the sending of the minimal series. The sending at about \$2, which shows that the enterprise is still speculative. I do not advise purchase of cheap Curr Innimal series. The preferred has been a seasoned dividend payer. S., Richford, N. Y.: For enturn on investment. American Sunff common and American Tobaccommon are the best purchase in your first the Canadian Pacific. N. Y.: For enturn on investment. American Sunff common and American Tobaccommon and American Sunft common and the series of t

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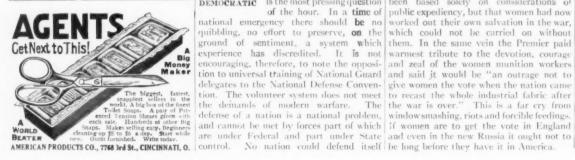


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its prospects. 3. I do not consider Coffeetone Manufacturing a safe stock. It would not be offered to you at half price if its prospects were bright.

New York, April 5, 1917.

See BOOKLETS FOR INVESTORS

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Porto Rican financial securities have begun to attract attention. Among these are the 5 per cent. tax-exempt bonds of San Juan, capital of Porto Rico. The city's record is good and a sinking fund provided for this issue will be under control of the government of Porto Rico. An explanatory circular will be sent on request by the Tillotson & Wolcott. Co., investment bankers, Cleveland, Ohio and 115 Broadway, New York.

A new type of investment enables persons of limited means to participate in the prosperity of a long-established timber corporation. Profit-sharing bonds issued by the James D. Lacey Timber Co., 322 South Michigan Ave., Chicago, are first mort-gage issues bearing 6 per cent. Interest, plus profits. The bonds come in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000. Write to the company for Lacey Booklet T-294, which gives complete details.

The seriousness of the commodity situation is apparent to almost every live business man, but constructive suggestions as to the safest course to pursue are conspicuous by their absence. The Babson Statistical Organization. Wellesley Hills, Mass., specializes to a great extent in this field and is willing to give its best judgment gratis to business men who take the trouble to write to it. Ask Dept. L-44, of this organization for its latest bulletin on the commodity and commodity price situation. It is well worth while.

Many mations are piling up war debts, and the United States is likely soon to be among the number. Every investor should be familiar with the story of our war financing and its bearing on national growth. This can be learned from "War Loans in the United States" a timely and interesting booklet issued by the Guaranty Trust Co., 140 Broadway, New York, which will be sent to any applicant gratis. The booklet tells how American wars since 1776 have been financed and these war idebts discharged, the comming effect of w

THE TREND OF PUBLIC OPINION

BY CHARLTON BATES STRAYER

done more to stimulate preparedness than any other man in the army or in civil life. General Wood has told the people the truth about the army and its needs, declaring that any effective reorganization of our military ystem would have to begin with the War Department. To satisfy their grudge against Department. To satisfy their grunge against the man who pitilessly exposed their weak-ness the politicians in and behind the War Department have divided the Eastern Military Department of which General Wood was the head into three parts and given him the choice of Manila, Hawaii or harleston. General Wood took the last. Coming at a time when New York, in the event of hostilities, will become the most important base of supplies and operations Wood is a blow at nat'snal defense that should not go unrebuked. C. S. Thompson, founder of the American Defense Society, calls it "the crowning blunder of an Administration which has made a splendid record on the score of unpreparedness." Not less deserving of condemnation is the treatment of Rear Admiral Fiske by the Navy Department. Although there is no better officer of the Navy than Admiral Fiske, he has committed the unpardonable crime of speaking the truth about the Navy. Secretary of the Navy Daniels has retaliated by putting the muzzle on him and by declining to call him from the retired list so that he might give his services to the country.

UNIVERSAL

THE adoption of a military system adequate to the defense of the country

DEMOCRATIC is the most pressing question of the hour. In a time of national emergency there should be no quibbling, no effort to preserve, on the ground of sentiment, a system which experience has discredited. It is not experience has discredited. It is not encouraging, therefore, to note the opposition to universal training of National Guard delegates to the National Defense Convention. The volunteer system does not meet the demands of modern warfare. The

WOOD SENT TO LEONARD With forty-eight little armies more or less subject to political control. The Federal WOOD, senior officer of our army, has the rights of its citizens, should have complete control of the military forces in that defense. Such a national force should be lefense. fed by a system of universal training of all able-bodied male citizens.

It is a corollary of democracy that every man enjoying the benefits of a free govern-ment should be united in its defense. Switzerland for many years has had a compulsory system which fully equips a man for military service at the age of twenty. In the mid-summer of that year he serves 60 days in training, but the average service from twenty to forty-two is but nine days a year. The Chamberlain bill, which failed of passage in the 65th Congress, provides that all able-bodied male inhabitants twelve to twenty-three years of age be liable for military and naval training for a total period of two years. Raw, untrained troops have always met disaster, and never more so than in present-day methods of fighting. Public opinion, as expressed in the press, is solidly behind a system of universal training for the nation's defense.

ENGLAND CHANGES FRONT ON SUFFRAGE

IN England, the home of the militant suffragist, the war has worked a tremendous transformation in the attitude of political leaders

toward woman suffrage. Premier Lloyd George, Mr. Asquith and Chancellor of the Exchequer Law have all come out in favor of votes for women, and the House of Commons has expressed its approval by a 279 majority. Mr. Asquith stated that his opposition to woman suffrage had always been based solely on considerations of public expediency, but that women had now worked out their own salvation in the war, which could not be carried on without them. In the same vein the Premier paid warmest tribute to the devotion, courage and zeal of the women munition workers and said jt would be "an outrage not to give women the vote when the nation came to recast the whole industrial fabric after the war is over." This is a far cry from The the war is over."



WAR RARIES

FIRST NATIONAL BANK," by James Montgomery Flagg, and "WAR IRST NATIONAL BANK," by James Montgomery Flagg, and "WAR BABIES", by Will Rannells, are two Judge covers that our readers have liked very much. They have been made up into Art Prints, mounted on a heavy mat, 9 x 12, ready for framing.

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eekly.

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THE PRESIDENT AND HIS CABINET



ON THESE MEN FALLS THE DIRECTION OF THE NATION IN THE WAR

e head of the table sits President Wilson with Mr. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, at his Mr. Lansing, Secretary of State, is seated at the President's right, while Mr. Baker, Secretary ar, sits next to him. Mr. Gregory, the Attorney General, appears between Mr. McAdoo

and Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy. Next to Mr. Daniels is Mr. Houston, Secretary of Agri-culture and Mr. Wilson, Secretary of Labor. Next to Mr. Baker are, in order, Mr. Burleson, the Postmaster General. Mr. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, and Mr. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce.

THE COUNTRY NEEDS THESE MEN



THEODORE ROOSEVELT

The world recognizes former-President Roosevelt as the greatest among America's men of action. While it is known that he desires to serve in the Army, millions of his countrymen would prefer to see him made Secretary of the Navy in a coalition cabinet.



LINDLEY M. GARRISON

Mr Garrison, when Secretary of War in President Wilson's cabinet, advocated measures which, had they been followed at the time, would have placed this country on a proper military basis. Many hope he will be called again to Washington.



ELIHU ROOT

Behind Elihu Root stands a record as Secretary of War, Secretary of State and United States Senator, unexcelled by that of any other statesman in the history of the Union. Men who appreciate fully the gravity of the crisis believe the President should call him to the cabinet.

LEADERS ON LAND AND SE



ADMIRAL HENRY T. MAYO
The commander of the Atlantic
fleet, the most important fighting force America has

REAR - ADMIRAL FRANK F. FLETCHER

The officer who commanded so ably at Vera Cruz in 1914. At present he is a member of the General Board at Washington.



ADMIRAL WM. S. BENSON

ADMIRAL WM. S. DEADURA
As chief of naval operations,
Admiral Benson is the most important officer in the Navy. Under
the Secretary of the Navy he has
control of all operations of the
fleet and of all preparations of
plans for its use in war. He is the
advisor of the naval department
and has the direction of the many
branches of the service such as
radio, aeronautic engineering and
the naval defense districts.



VICE-ADMIRAL DE WITT

He is the commander of the battleship force of the Atlantic fleet and the second in command of the entire fleet. Under his direct charge are the most powerful ships in the service.



ADMIRAL
WILLIAM B. CAPERTON
In the Pacific fleet which he
commands are cruisers of various
classes, gunboats and torpedo
boats. This fleet is far weaker
than that in the Atlantic, because the Navy Department
planned to make the Panama
Canal a gateway through which
the stronger fleet might be
utilized in either ocean.



MAJOR GENERAL GEORGE BARNETT Commander of the Marine Corps.



ADMIRAL ALBERT G. WINTERHALTER

He commands the Asiatic fleet, third in size and importance in our Navy.



BRIGADIER GENERAL, EDWARD H. PLUMMER In command of the Panam Canal Zone.



MAJOR GENERAL
HUGH L. SCOTT
The Chief of Staff may be called
the Commander-in-Chief of the
Army. As the head of the General
Staff and the military advisor of
the President and the Secretary of
War, he virtually controls the
military policy of the country.
To the work of the general staff is
credited the present efficiency of
our regular army. General Scott
is looked upon as one of the most
able men in the country's service.
He has the full confidence of the
government, the army and the
public.



MAJOR GENERAL HUNTER

LIGGETT
Under the recent reorganization order, General Liggett succeeds General Bell in command of the Western Department. He was in command of the Philippines.



BRIGADIER GENERAL BRIGADIER GENERAL
CLARENCE R. EDWARDS
When the new Department of the
Northeast becomes effective,
May first, General Edwards,
who has been in charge of the
Canal Zone, will become its first
commander.



MAJOR GENERAL LEONARD WOOD General Wood is to command Department of the Southe He is probably the best knoofficer in either branch of



MAJOR GENERAL JOHN J. PERSHING He is now in command at Mexican border.



MAJOR GENERAL THOMAS H. BARRY

General Barry commands the Central Department with head-quarters at Chicago.



MAJOR GENERAL
J. FRANKLIN BELL
General Bell is the new commander of the East which is looked upon as the most important post in the country.



REAR-ADMIRAL ALBERT W. GRANT commands the submarine the Atlantic fleet. Hec



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